§717.25

persons or agents as may be designated.

§ 717.25 Disposition of ballots and records.

The county committee shall seal the voted ballots, challenged ballots found to be ineligible, spoiled ballots, unopened certification envelopes, register sheets, and community summaries for the county in one or more envelopes or packages, plainly marked with the identification of the referendum, the date, and the names of the county and State, and place them under lock in a safe place under the custody of the county office manager for a period of 30 calendar days after the date of the referendum. If no notice to the contrary is received by the end of such time, the voted ballots, challenged ballots. spoiled ballots, and unopened certification envelopes shall be destroyed, but the registers and community and county summary sheets and the register of absentee ballots shall be filed for a period of 5 years in the office of the county committee.

§717.26 Applicability.

The regulations contained in this part shall be applicable to all referenda held pursuant to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

PART 718—PROVISIONS APPLICA-BLE TO MULTIPLE PROGRAMS

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AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 1373, 1374, 7201 $et\ seq.$; 15 U.S.C. 714b, Pub. L. 106–224.

SOURCE: 61 FR 37552, July 18, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§718.1 Applicability.

(a) This part is applicable to all programs set forth in chapters VII and XIV of this title which are administered by the Farm Service Agency (FSA).

(b) The provisions of this part will be administered under the general supervision of the Administrator, FSA, and shall be carried out in the field by State and county FSA committees (State and county committees).

(c) State and county committees, and representatives and employees thereof, do not have authority to modify or waive any of the provisions of the regulations of this part.

(d) The State committee shall take any action required by these regulations which has not been taken by the county committee. The State committee shall also:

- (1) Correct, or require a county committee to correct, any action taken by such county committee which is not in accordance with the regulations of this part: or
- (2) Require a county committee to withhold taking any action which is not in accordance with the regulations of this part.
- (e) No provisions or delegation herein to a State or county committee shall preclude the Administrator, FSA, or a designee, from determining any question arising under the program or from reversing or modifying any determination made by a State or county committee.
- (f) The Deputy Administrator may authorize State and county committees to waive or modify deadlines and other requirements in cases where lateness or failure to meet such other requirements does not adversely affect the operation of the program.

§ 718.2 Definitions.

Except as provided in individual parts of chapters VII and XIV of this title, the following terms shall be as defined herein:

Administrative variance (AV) means the amount by which the determined acreage may exceed the effective allotment and be considered in compliance with program regulations.

Agricultural Use means devoting the land to annual or perennial crops, including conserving uses, pasture, aquaculture or plantings of trees for any purpose. Land may be left fallow, but weeds must be controlled.

Allotment means an acreage for a commodity allocated to a farm in accordance with the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

Allotment crop means any crop for which acreage allotments are established pursuant to parts 723 and 729 of this chapter.

Combination means consolidation of two or more farms or parts of farms into one farm.

Contract acreage means the quantity of acres enrolled in a contract in accordance with part 1412 of this title.

Contract commodity means a crop of wheat, corn, grain sorghum, oats, barley, upland cotton, or rice.

Controlled substances means the term as set forth in accordance with 21 CFR part 1308.

County means the County or parish of a State. For Alaska, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, a county shall be an area designated by the State committee with the concurrence of the Deputy Administrator.

Crop of economic significance means a crop that has contributed in the previous year, or is expected to contribute in the current crop year, 10 percent or more of the total expected value of all crops grown by the producer. However, notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if the total expected liability under the catastrophic risk protection endorsement is equal to or less than the administrative fee required for the crop, such crop will not be considered a crop of economic significance.

Crop reporting date means date established by the Administrator, FSA, representing the final date by which the farm operator, farm owner, or properly authorized agent must report applicable crop acreage for the report to be considered timely filed.

Cropland. (1) Means land which the county committee determines meets any of the following conditions:

- (i) Is currently being tilled for the production of a crop for harvest;
- (ii) Is not currently tilled, but it can be established that such land has been tilled in a prior year and is suitable for crop production;
- (iii) Is currently devoted to a one- or two-row shelterbelt planting, orchard, or vineyard;
- (iv) Is in terraces, that, were cropped in the past, even though they are no longer capable of being cropped;
- (v) Is in sod waterways or filter strips planted to a perennial cover; or
- (vi) Is preserved as cropland in accordance with part 704 or 1410 of this title.
- (2) Land classified as cropland shall be removed from such classification upon a determination by the county committee that the land is:
- (i) No longer used for agricultural production;
- (ii) No longer suitable for production of crops;
- (iii) Subject to a restrictive easement or contract that prohibits its use for